TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Town Council, Town of Havana, Florida:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Havana, Florida (the Town), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers the internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our (1) unmodified audit opinion on the General and Special revenues funds, and aggregate remaining fund information; and (2) qualified audit opinion on the governmental activities, business-type activities, and Water, Electric, Gas and Sewer funds.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities, and Water, Electric, Gas and Sewer Funds

As discussed in Note 11. to the financial statements, the Town has not received an actuarial valuation for its firefighter pension fund and therefore has not adjusted the accounting records to reflect the current actuarial valuation for the respective pension funds as required in Statement No. 67 Financial Reporting for Pension Plans and Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require recording of a net pension (asset) liability, and any associated deferred inflows and outflows related to the pension fund. A valuation would likely produce changes in the recorded net pension asset, deferred outflows, net position, revenues and expenses in the governmental activities related to the firefighter pension.

In addition, as discussed in Note 15. to the financial statements, the Town has not implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require recording of an obligation for any postemployment benefits other than pensions, which would affect the deferred inflows, liabilities, deferred outflows, net position, and expenses in the governmental activities, business-type activities, and the Water, Electric, Gas and Sewer funds.

The amounts by which these departures would affect the deferred inflows, liabilities, deferred outflows, net position, and expenses of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and Water, Electric, Gas and Sewer funds has not been determined.

Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities, and Water, Electric, Gas and Sewer funds

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph on the governmental activities, business-type activities and Water, Electric, Gas and Sewer funds, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and Water, Electric, Gas and Sewer funds of the Town as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinion on the General and Special Revenue funds and Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the General and Special revenue funds and the aggregate remaining fund information for the Town, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and where applicable cash flows, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and other pension information in relation to the Florida Retirement System pension plan as listed in the table of contents presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, and other pension information in relation to the Florida Retirement System pension plan, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted principally of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express and opinion or provide any assurance.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, the schedule of contributions, pension plan, and the schedule of investment returns for the fire firefighters' pension plan as of September 30, 2018 and years prior, as indicated in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. Although our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected, the following material departures from the prescribed guidelines exist: Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of contributions, and the schedule of investment returns for the firefighters' pension plan be presented as of the fiscal year ended and the 10 years prior. As the Town did not receive an actuarial valuation for its firefighters' pension plan for the year ended September 30 2018 and prior years information was presented as an alternative. This alternative is considered to be a material departure from the prescribed guidelines. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 23, 2020, on our consideration of the Town of Havana, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Havana, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Meore : Co., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida March 23, 2020

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

As management of the Town of Havana, Florida, we offer readers of the Town of Havana, Florida's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Havana, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Havana, Florida's basic financial statements. The Town of Havana, Florida's basic financial statements comprise three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Havana, Florida's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town of Havana, Florida's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Havana, Florida is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Havana, Florida that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town of Havana, Florida include general government, public safety, transportation, physical environment, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the Town of Havana, Florida include water, electric, gas and sewer operations.

The Community Redevelopment Agency, although legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the Town of Havana, Florida, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Havana, Florida, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Havana, Florida can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town of Havana, Florida maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund and special revenue fund, both of which are considered to be major funds.

Proprietary funds. The Town of Havana, Florida maintains proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Havana, Florida uses enterprise funds to account for its water, electric, gas and sewer operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, electric, gas and sewer operations, which are considered to be major funds.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Town of Havana, Florida's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Havana, Florida's budgetary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Havana, Florida, assets exceeded liabilities by \$9,610,606 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A large portion of the Town of Havana, Florida's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town of Havana, Florida uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Town of Havana, Florida's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Town of Havana, Florida's Net Position

		2018	
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Current and other assets	\$ 1,535,129	\$ 3,702,622	\$ 5,237,751
Net pension asset	1,045,493	-	\$ 1,045,493
Capital assets, net	1,703,555	5,820,897	7,524,452
Total assets	4,284,177	9,523,519	13,807,696
Deferred outflows	574,633	321,627	896,260
Other liabilities	189,304	622,327	811,631
Net pension liability	1,418,173	801,905	2,220,078
Long-term liabilities outstanding	110,277	1,695,681	1,805,958
Total liabilities	1,717,754	3,119,913	4,837,667
Deferred inflows	164,502	91,181	255,683
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	1,703,555	4,163,499	5,867,054
Restricted	2,548,676	168,534	2,717,210
Unrestricted	(1,275,677)	2,302,019	1,026,342
Total net position	\$ 2,976,554	\$ 6,634,052	\$ 9,610,606

		2017	
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Current and other assets	\$ 1,683,397	\$ 4,433,745	\$ 6,117,142
Net pension asset	1,045,493	-	\$ 1,045,493
Capital assets, net	1,756,502	5,012,379	6,768,881
Total assets	4,485,392	9,446,124	13,931,516
Deferred outflows	612,575	342,171	954,746
Other liabilities	189,805	1,551,439	1,741,244
Net pension liability	1,437,181	812,197	2,249,378
Long-term liabilities outstanding	28,371	1,012,046	1,040,417
Total liabilities	1,655,357	3,375,682	5,031,039
Deferred inflows	89,114	50,361	139,475
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	1,711,833	3,904,783	5,616,616
Restricted	2,839,568	347,830	3,187,398
Unrestricted	(1,197,905)	2,109,639	911,734
Total net position	\$ 3,353,496	\$ 6,362,252	\$ 9,715,748

Note - the effects of the 2018 restatement to net position have not been reflected in the 2017 summarized information above

An additional portion of the Town of Havana, Florida's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the Town of Havana, Florida's net position by \$(376,942).

The Town will continue to explore ways to sustain and improve the net position. Key improvements to critical thoroughfares within the Town are essential. The increased cost of healthcare is a factor that must be monitored closely. The Town will research other healthcare options that provide benefit and solvency to the Town's financial position. Road projects will be addressed annually with grant funds, to ensure that the Town's net position is protected.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the Town of Havana, Florida's net position by \$153,800. Major infrastructure upgrades are essential to the improvement of Havana's local assets. The Town will continue to ascertain local needs, and seek to acquire grant funds where available.

Town of Havana, Florida's Changes in Net Position

	2018						
	Gov	ernmental	Bu	siness-type			
	A	ctivities		Activities		Total	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	32,957	\$	3,581,598	\$	3,614,555	
Operating grants and contributions		127,072		-		127,072	
Capital grants and contributions		35,500		823,772		859,272	
General revenues:							
Property taxes		132,506		-		132,506	
Intergovernmental and other		408,810		91,155		499,965	
Total revenues		736,845		4,496,525		5,233,370	
Expenses:							
General government		123,622		-		123,622	
Public Safety		1,086,530		-		1,086,530	
Physical environment		53,693		-		53,693	
Transportation		451,863		-		451,863	
Culture and recreation		122,804		-		122,804	
Debt service		17,139				17,139	
Water		-		515,888		515,888	
Electric		-		2,274,613		2,274,613	
Gas		-		280,449		280,449	
Sewer		-		529,911		529,911	
Total expenses		1,855,651		3,600,861		5,456,512	
Increase (decrease) in net position before							
transfers		(1,118,806)		895,664		(223,142)	
Transfers		741,864		(741,864)		-	
Net change in net position		(376,942)		153,800		(223,142)	
Net position, beginning of year, as restated		3,353,496		6,480,252		9,833,748	
Net position, end of year	\$	2,976,554	\$	6,634,052	\$	9,610,606	

Town of Havana, Florida's Changes in Net Position

	2017						
		Governmental Busine Activities Activities				Total	
Revenues:		_		_		_	
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	63,972	\$	3,571,734	\$	3,635,706	
Operating grants and contributions		237,733		-		237,733	
Capital grants and contributions		10,000		724,347		734,347	
General revenues:							
Property taxes		132,171		-		132,171	
Intergovernmental and other		398,625		78,266		476,891	
Total revenues		842,501		4,374,347		5,216,848	
Expenses:							
General government		106,470		-		106,470	
Public Safety		1,076,494		-		1,076,494	
Physical environment		157,867		-		157,867	
Transportation		507,080		-		507,080	
Culture and recreation		114,085		-		114,085	
Debt service		-				-	
Water		-		511,506		511,506	
Electric		-		2,222,017		2,222,017	
Gas		-		247,358		247,358	
Sewer		-		521,741		521,741	
Total expenses		1,961,996		3,502,622		5,464,618	
Increase (decrease) in net position before							
transfers		(1,119,495)		871,725		(247,770)	
Transfers		758,304		(758,304)			
Net change in net position		(361,191)		113,421		(247,770)	
Net position, beginning of year, as restated		3,714,687		6,248,831		9,963,518	
Net position, end of year	\$	3,353,496	\$	6,362,252	\$	9,715,748	

Note - the effects of the 2018 restatement to net position have not been reflected in the 2017 summarized information above

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Havana, Florida uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Town of Havana, Florida's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Havana, Florida's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Havana, Florida's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,345,825, a decrease of \$241,165 in comparison with the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Havana, Florida. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned and total fund balances of the general fund were \$(210,500) and \$947,935, respectively.

The special revenue fund accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes for the Town of Havana, Florida. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the special revenue fund was \$397,890.

Proprietary funds. The Town of Havana, Florida's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water fund at the end of the year amounted to \$535,536. The total increases (decreases) in net position for the Water fund was \$341,508.

Unrestricted net position of the Electric fund at the end of the year amounted to \$1,867,533. The total increases (decreases) in net position for the Electric fund was \$(357,026).

Unrestricted net position of the Gas fund at the end of the year amounted to \$645,588. The total increases (decreases) in net position for the Gas fund was \$(56,931).

The Sewer fund had a deficit in unrestricted net position at the end of the year of \$(746,638). The total increases (decreases) in net position for the Sewer fund in the current year was \$226,249.

Other factors concerning the finances of these four funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Havana, Florida's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Town will work to properly assess its capital assets and the ability to fund them in the future budget. Vehicle equipment expenses and infrastructure repairs are necessary in the short run, to ensure the citizenry is adequately served. The Town will address cost measures in future budgets that will minimize uncertainty of repair expenses through proper investment in vehicles and local infrastructure upgrades.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Havana, Florida's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2018, amounts to \$7,524,452 (net of accumulated depreciation).

This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities and roads.

Additional information on the Town of Havana, Florida's capital assets can be found in notes to the financial statements as indicated in the table on contents.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Havana, Florida had notes and bonds payable amounting to \$1,699,396.

Additional information on the Town of Havana, Florida's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements as indicated in the table of contents.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

A utility rate study, a review of the current ad valorem rate, and the conclusion of several projects tied to grant fund revenues may improve the economic factors and budgetary outcomes sustained by the government.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Havana, Florida's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Town Manager, Post Office Box 1068, Havana, Florida 32333-1068.

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities			siness-type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	288,207	\$	1,512,936	\$	1,801,143
Certificates of deposit	,	503,534	•	1,593,652	•	2,097,186
Receivables, net		53,596		834,849		888,445
Internal balances		599,563		(599,563)		-
Due from other governments		49,979		252		50,231
Inventories		5,545		172,602		178,147
Prepaids		34,705		19,360		54,065
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		-		140,516		140,516
Certificates of deposit		-		28,018		28,018
Net pension asset		1,045,493		-		1,045,493
Capital assets, not being depreciated		312,788		520,090		832,878
Capital assets, being depreciated, net		1,390,767		5,300,807		6,691,574
Total assets	\$	4,284,177	\$	9,523,519	\$	13,807,696
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS						
Deferred outflows related to pensions	\$	574,633	\$	321,627	\$	896,260
LIABILITIES						
A coounts novable and other assment liabilities	\$	189,304	\$	333,992	\$	522 206
Accounts payable and other current liabilities Customer deposits	Ф	169,304	Ф	288,335	Ф	523,296 288,335
Noncurrent liabilities:		-		200,333		200,333
Due within one year:						
Capital lease payable		2,603		_		2,603
Bonds and notes payable		16,379		103,583		119,962
Compensated absenses		44,803		13,450		58,253
Due in more than one year:		,		-,		,
Bonds and notes payable		6,407		1,573,027		1,579,434
Compensated absenses		40,085		5,621		45,706
Net pension liability		1,418,173		801,905		2,220,078
Total liabilities	\$	1,717,754	\$	3,119,913	\$	4,837,667
		1,717,70		5,115,515		1,027,007
DEFERRED INFLOWS						
Deferred inflows related to pensions	\$	164,502	\$	91,181	\$	255,683
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,703,555	\$	4,163,499	\$	5,867,054
Restricted for: Debt service				168,534		168,534
Pensions		1,052,601		-		1,052,601
Infrastructure		1,075,664		-		1,075,664
Community development		8,587		_		8,587
Community redevelopment		397,890		-		397,890
Law enforcement trust Unrestricted		13,934 (1,275,677)		2,302,019		13,934 1,026,342
	•		<u>_</u>		<u>_</u>	
Total net position	\$	2,976,554	\$	6,634,052	\$	9,610,606

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

				PROGRAM REVENUES					ENSE) REV SES IN NET)		
	E	XPENSES		ARGES FOR ERVICES	GR	ERATING ANTS AND FRIBUTIONS		CAPITAL GRANTS AND ONTRIBUTIONS		ERNMENTAL ETIVITIES	BUSINE TYPI ACTIVIT	E		TOTAL
Functions/Programs				_		_								
Governmental activities: General government	\$	123,622	\$	16,313	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(107,309)	\$	_	\$	(107,309)
Public safety	4	1,086,530	Ψ.	6,681	Ψ	_	Ψ.	35,500	Ψ	(1,044,349)	Ψ	_	Ψ	(1,044,349)
Physical environment		53,693		9,963		-		´-		(43,730)		-		(43,730)
Transportation		451,863		-		127,072		-		(324,791)		-		(324,791)
Culture and recreation		122,804		-		-		-		(122,804)		-		(122,804)
Debt service		17,139		22.057		127.072		25.500		(17,139)				(17,139)
Total governmental activities		1,855,651		32,957		127,072		35,500		(1,660,122)				(1,660,122)
Business-type activities:														
Water		515,888		449,438		-		425,972		-	359	,522		359,522
Electric		2,274,613		2,578,367		-		-		-	303	,754		303,754
Gas		280,449		218,814		-		-		-	(61	,635)		(61,635)
Sewer		529,911		334,979		-		397,800		-	202	,868		202,868
Total business-type activities		3,600,861		3,581,598		-		823,772		-	804	,509		804,509
Total government	\$	5,456,512	\$	3,614,555	\$	127,072	\$	859,272		(1,660,122)	804	,509		(855,613)
						revenues:				122.506				122.506
						erty taxes governmental reve	n110			132,506 334,984		-		132,506 334,984
						stricted investmen		nos and other		73,826	91	,155		164,981
					Transfe		· curiii	ngo ana omer		741,864		,864)		-
						l general revenues	and tr	ransfers	-	1,283,180),709)		632,471
					Ch	ange in net position	n			(376,942)	153	5,800		(223,142)
						i tion, beginning of		as restated		3,353,496	6,480	,252		9,833,748
					Net posi	ition, end of year			\$	2,976,554	\$ 6,634	,052	\$	9,610,606

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Special General Revenue		•			-		Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	119,655	\$	168,552	\$	288,207		
Certificates of deposit		503,534		-		503,534		
Notes receivable		-		-		-		
Receivables, net		43,174		10,422		53,596		
Due from other funds		380,647		268,916		649,563		
Due from other governments		49,979		-		49,979		
Inventories		5,545		-		5,545		
Prepaid items Total assets	•	34,705	\$	447,890	\$	34,705		
Total assets	\$	1,137,239	Þ	447,890	D	1,585,129		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	189,304	\$	-	\$	189,304		
Due to other funds				50,000		50,000		
Total liabilities		189,304		50,000		239,304		
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaids		34,705		-		34,705		
Inventory		5,545		-		5,545		
Restricted for:								
Infrastructure		1,075,664		-		1,075,664		
Community development		8,587		207.000		8,587		
Community redevelopment		12 024		397,890		397,890		
Law enforcement trust		13,934		-		13,934		
Assigned - 2019 budget Unassigned		20,000 (210,500)				20,000 (210,500)		
Total fund balances		947,935		397,890		1,345,825		
Total fully balances		741,733		371,070		1,545,625		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,137,239	\$	447,890	\$	1,585,129		

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Total fund balanaces-governmental funds	\$	1,345,825
Amounts reported for net postion of governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Total governmental capital assets 4,402,025 Less: accumulated depreciation (2,698,470)	_	1,703,555
On the governmental fund statements, a net pension asset or liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows related to pensions 574,633		
Deferred inflows related to pensions (164,502)		
Net pension asset 1,045,493		
Net pension liability (1,418,173)		37,451
Long term liabilities, including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences (84,888)		
Note payable (22,786)		
Capital lease payable (2,603)		(110,277)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	2,976,554

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	 Special General Revenue				-		Total vernmental Funds
Revenues							
Taxes, licenses and permits	\$ 443,819	\$	18,948	\$	462,767		
Intergovernmental	141,978		35,500		177,478		
Other	 95,348		1,252		96,600		
Total revenues	 681,145		55,700		736,845		
Expenditures							
General government	124,580		-		124,580		
Public safety	1,028,863		2,500		1,031,363		
Physical environment	-		62,855		62,855		
Transportation	412,157		-		412,157		
Culture and recreation	51,856		19,924		71,780		
Debt service:							
Principal	15,845		-		15,845		
Interest	1,294		-		1,294		
Total expenditures	 1,634,595		85,279		1,719,874		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	(953,450)		(29,579)		(983,029)		
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	770,000		-		770,000		
Transfers out	-		(28,136)		(28,136)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	770,000		(28,136)		741,864		
Net change in fund balances	 (183,450)		(57,715)		(241,165)		
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,131,385		455,605		1,586,990		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 947,935	\$	397,890	\$	1,345,825		

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (241,165)
Differences in amounts reported for changes in net position in the statement of activities are:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities		
the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.		
Capital outlay	59,517	
Depreciation expense	(112,464)	(52,947)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Changes in:		
Net pension liability	19,007	
Deferred outflows related to net pensions	(37,942)	
Deferred inflows related to net pensions	(75,387)	(94,322)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds,		
while repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources		
of governmental funds.		
Repayment of principal of long-term debt	15,845	
Changes in compensated absenses	(7,788)	
Repayment of principal of capital lease	3,435	11,492
		(27.6.0.42)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (376,942)

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Water Fund	Electric Fund	Gas Fund	Sewer Fund	Total All Funds
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 673,418	\$ 493,733	\$ 345,785	\$ -	\$ 1,512,936
Certificates of deposit	138,205	1,080,680	374,767	-	1,593,652
Accounts receivable, net	344,642	408,891	23,445	57,871	834,849
Due from other funds	-	475,748	-	50,000	525,748
Due from other governments	252	-	-	-	252
Inventories	7,735	151,788	12,815	264	172,602
Prepaid items	5,320	6,408	4,324	3,308	19,360
Total current assets	1,169,572	2,617,248	761,136	111,443	4,659,399
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	140,516	140,516
Certificates of deposit	-	-	-	28,018	28,018
Capital assets:					
Land	-	-	-	54,090	54,090
Infrastructure	4,401,815	1,308,028	405,614	4,950,808	11,066,265
Buildings	9,661	17,109	8,461	9,189	44,420
Equipment	208,715	180,051	77,928	186,811	653,505
Construction in process	-	-	-	466,000	466,000
Vehicles	50,029	186,062	22,983	19,599	278,673
Accumulated depreciation	(2,070,156)	(1,349,533)	(461,031)	(2,861,336)	(6,742,056)
Total noncurrent assets	2,600,064	341,717	53,955	2,993,695	5,989,431
Total assets	\$ 3,769,636	\$ 2,958,965	\$ 815,091	\$ 3,105,138	\$ 10,648,830
DESERBED OUTELOWS					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Deferred outflows related to pensions	\$ 105,299	\$ 136,830	\$ 50,833	\$ 28,665	\$ 321,627
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 10,417	\$ 299,610	\$ 11,296	\$ 1,045	\$ 322,368
Due to other funds	268,916	-	-	856,395	1,125,311
Compensated absences	11,836	1,614	-	-	13,450
Utility deposits	63,490	224,155	690	-	288,335
Current portion of notes payable	73,302	-	-	-	73,302
Accrued interest payable	8,421	_	-	-	8,421
Payable from restricted assets:					
Current maturities of bonds payable	-	-	-	30,281	30,281
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-	3,203	3,203
Total current liabilities	436,382	525,379	11,986	890,924	1,864,671
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absenses	5,063	558			5,621
Bonds and Notes payable	767,323	336	-	805,704	1,573,027
Net pension liability	267,444	325,505	136,620	72,336	801,905
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,039,830	326,063	136,620	878,040	2,380,553
Total liabilities	\$ 1,476,212	\$ 851,442	\$ 148,606	\$ 1,768,964	\$ 4,245,224
Defensed inflows	0 20.446	¢ 25.102	¢ 12.776	¢ 7.057	¢ 01.101
Deferred inflows related to pensions	\$ 30,446	\$ 35,103	\$ 17,775	\$ 7,857	\$ 91,181
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,832,741	\$ 341,717	\$ 53,955	\$ 1,935,086	\$ 4,163,499
Restricted for debt service	-	-	-	168,534	168,534
Unrestricted	535,536	1,867,533	645,588	(746,638)	2,302,019
Total net position	\$ 2,368,277	\$ 2,209,250	\$ 699,543	\$ 1,356,982	\$ 6,634,052

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	 Water Fund	Electric Fund	Gas Fund	Sewer Fund	Total All Funds
Operating revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 449,438	\$2,578,367	\$ 218,814	\$ 334,979	\$3,581,598
Operating expenses					
Purchases	32,943	1,785,430	81,831	-	1,900,204
Salaries	191,139	225,293	90,760	38,761	545,953
Employee benefits	80,733	105,835	42,008	21,961	250,537
Other contractual services	322	1,318	15,522	253,726	270,888
Auto and truck	7,823	8,867	3,541	58	20,289
Bad debts	948	8,485	1,272	8,266	18,971
Depreciation and amortization	43,516	24,368	5,974	105,341	179,199
Insurance	14,291	12,811	17,868	8,694	53,664
Miscellaneous	38,921	35,922	4,475	32,274	111,592
Professional fees	2,011	5,146	1,144	21,835	30,136
Repairs and maintenance	22,787	15,021	5,757	4,930	48,495
Supplies	32,641	46,117	10,297	449	89,504
Total operating expenses	468,075	2,274,613	280,449	496,295	3,519,432
Operating income (loss)	(18,637)	303,754	(61,635)	(161,316)	62,166
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Capital grant	425,972	-	-	397,800	823,772
Interest revenue	1,737	13,767	4,704	275	20,483
Miscellaneous	34,613	34,953	-	1,106	70,672
Interest and loan costs	(47,813)	-	-	(33,616)	(81,429)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	414,509	48,720	4,704	365,565	833,498
Income (loss) before transfers	395,872	352,474	(56,931)	204,249	895,664
Transfers					
Transfers in	28,136	10,000	-	22,000	60,136
Transfers out	(82,500)	(719,500)	-	-	(802,000)
Total transfers	 (54,364)	(709,500)	-	22,000	(741,864)
Change in net position	 341,508	(357,026)	(56,931)	226,249	153,800
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	2,026,769	2,566,276	756,474	1,130,733	6,480,252
Net position, end of year	\$ 2,368,277	\$2,209,250	\$ 699,543	\$ 1,356,982	\$6,634,052

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Water Fund		Electric Fund		Gas Fund		Sewer Fund	 Total All Funds
Cash flows from operating activities								
Cash received from customers	\$ 545,637	\$	2,583,975	\$	218,075	\$	332,273	\$ 3,679,960
Cash paid to suppliers	(124,432)		(1,787,765)		(126,304)		(338,814)	(2,377,315)
Cash paid to employees	(270,546)		(331,405)		(132,768)		(60,722)	(795,441)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	150,659		464,805		(40,997)		(67,263)	507,204
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities								
Transfers from other funds	28,136		10,000		-		22,000	60,136
Transfers to other funds	(82,500)		(719,500)		-		-	(802,000)
Miscellaneous	34,613		34,953		-		1,106	70,672
Interfund loans	268,916		22,830		-		88,577	380,323
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	249,165		(651,717)		-		111,683	(290,869)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities								
Proceeds from capital grants	887,636		_		_		405,500	1,293,136
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,475,770)		_		_		(466,000)	(1,941,770)
Principal payments of long-term debt	(5,234)		_		_		(22,000)	(27,234)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	475,263		_		_		118,200	593,463
Interest paid	(40,264)		_		_		(33,177)	(73,441)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(158,369)		-		-	_	2,523	 (155,846)
Cash flows from investing activities								
Interest received	1,737		13,767		4,704		275	20,483
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	243,192		(173,145)		(36,293)		47,218	80,972
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and								
cash equivalents, beginning of year	426,543		788,530		388,229		93,400	1,696,702
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 669,735	\$	615,385	\$	351,936	\$	140,618	\$ 1,777,674
,	Ψ 007,733	Ψ	013,303	Ψ	331,730	Ψ	110,010	 1,777,071
Cash and cash equivalents classified as:								
Unrestricted	\$ 673,418	\$	493,733	\$	345,785	\$	-	\$ 1,512,936
Restricted					-		140,516	140,516
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 673,418	\$	493,733	\$	345,785	\$	140,516	\$ 1,653,452
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash								
provided by (used in) operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$ (18,637)	\$	303,754	\$	(61,635)	\$	(161,316)	\$ 62,166
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash								
provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation	43,516		24,368		5,974		105,341	179,199
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
Accounts receivable	95,437		4,286		(689)		(2,706)	96,328
Due from other governments	-		-		-		-	-
Inventories	12,393		(28,857)		607		24	(15,833)
Prepaid items	(298)		(217)		1,195		(767)	(87)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-		137,213		6,061		(11,998)	131,276
Deposits	762		1,322		(50)		-	2,034
Unearned revenue	-		-		-		-	-
Compensated absences	1,326		(277)		-		-	1,049
Net pension liability	16,160		23,213		7,540		4,159	51,072
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 150,659	\$	464,805	\$	(40,997)	\$	(67,263)	\$ 507,204

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Firer	Aunicipal nen's Pension rust Fund
ASSETS		_
Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value	\$	153,724
Mutual and pooled funds Total assets	\$	1,018,744 1,172,468
LIABILITIES	\$	
NET POSITION Restricted for pensions	\$	1,172,468

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

ADDITIONS	Municipal Firemen's Pension Trust Fund
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
State of Florida	\$ 7,626
Plan members	42
Total contributions	7,668
Investment earnings:	
Interest and dividends	22,988
Net increase in the fair value of investments	40,367
Net investment earnings	63,355
Total additions	71,023
DEDUCTIONS	
Administrative expenses	9,000
Total deductions	9,000
Change in net assets	62,023
Net position held in trust for pension benefits, beginning of year	1,110,445
Net position held in trust for pension benefits, end of year	\$ 1,172,468

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

- (a) Reporting entity— The Town of Havana, Florida (the "Town") was originally incorporated under Chapter 5809 of the State of Florida Special Acts of 1907. The Town subsequently repealed its original charter and reincorporated under the State of Florida Special Acts of 1923, Chapter 9966, Laws of Florida, which as amended is the present charter of the Town. The Town operates under an elected Council form of government. The Town's major operations include electric, water, sewer and gas utility services as well as public safety, road and street maintenance, recreation and general administrative services. The government is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven member council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financial accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government.
- (b) **Blended component unit** The Town's Community Redevelopment Agency ("Agency") serves all the citizens of the Town and is governed by a Board of Directors made up of all members of the Town Council. The Agency was established to prevent the development or spread of slums and blight, reduce and prevent crime, and for the provision of affordable housing. The Agency is reported as part of the special revenue fund.

The accompanying financial statements present the Town and its component unit, an entity for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Thus blended component assets are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government.

(c) Basis of presentation - government-wide financial statements — While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(d) **Basis of presentation – fund financial statements** — The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary fund and blended component unit. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund— The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund— The Special Revenue Fund accounts for the Town's Community Redevelopment Agency and other revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for other purposes.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund— The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the Town's water distribution operations.

Sewer Fund— The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the Town's sewer operations.

Electric Fund— accounts for the activities of the Town's electric distribution operations.

Gas Fund— The Gas Fund accounts for the activities of the Town's gas distribution operations.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fiduciary fund:

Pension Trust Fund— The pension trust fund accounts for the activities of the Town of Havana, Florida Municipal Firemen's Pension Trust Fund, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified firemen of the Town of Havana, Florida Voluntary Fire Department.

During the course of operations the Town has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(d) **Basis of presentation – fund financial statements**—(Continued)

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

(e) **Measurement focus and basis of accounting** — The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Sales taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary funds and municipal firemen's pension trust fund are reported using the *economic* resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(f) **Budgetary information** — Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund and special revenue fund.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The Town's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget.

(g) **Deposits and investments** — The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury, Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969, SEC registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating, and savings and CD accounts in state-certified public depositories.

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value.

(h) **Inventories and prepaid items**— All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(i) Capital assets— Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. For financial reporting purposes, capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. For financial reporting purposes, infrastructure assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$15,000 (amount not rounded) acquired after September 30, 2003 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Other property, plant, and equipment of the Town is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	10 - 40
Public domain infrastructure	30 - 50
System infrastructure	10 - 50
Vehicles, furniture, equipment and software	3 - 10

- (j) **Long-term obligations** In the government-wide financial statements, and for proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.
- (k) **Use of estimates** The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- (l) **Net position flow assumption** Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.
- (m) Fund balance flow assumption— Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.
- (n) **Fund balance policies** Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Town's highest level of decision-making authority. The Town council is the highest level of decision making authority for the Town that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Town for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Town council (council) has by resolution authorized the Town Manager to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

(o) **Deferred outflows/inflows of resources**— In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of financial position will, if required, report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, respectfully. These separate financial statement elements, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow/inflow of resources (expense/expenditure or revenue) until then. Currently, the only item in this category consisted of deferred amounts related to pension.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(o) **Deferred outflows/inflows of resources**—(Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Currently, the two items in this category are unavailable revenues, which will be recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

- (p) **Pensions** For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) and the Firemen's Municipal Pension Fund and additions to/deductions from FRS and Firemen's Municipal Pension Fund's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FRS and actuary, respectfully. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.
- (q) **Property taxes** Property taxes are billed and collected for the Town by the County Tax Collector according to Florida Statute under the following calendar:

Lien Date:

Levy Date:

October 1

Due Date:

November 1

Delinquency Date:

April 1, of the following year

- (r) **Compensated absences**—It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Vacation pay and sick pay are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.
- (s) **Proprietary funds operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses** Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water fund, electric fund, sewer fund and gas fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The water fund, electric fund, sewer fund and gas fund also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

(2) Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statement:

- (a) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position—Following the governmental fund balance sheet is a reconciliation between fund balance total governmental funds and net position governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.
- (b) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities— Following the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, there is a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.

(3) Cash Deposits:

Custodial credit risk-deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned. At year end, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits was \$4,220,587 and the bank balance was \$4,440,755. All of the bank balance was covered by Federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the Town's custodial bank which is pledged to a state trust fund that provides security for amounts held in excess of FDIC coverage in accordance with the Florida Security for Deposits Act Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

The Florida Security for Public Deposits Act established guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for the administration of the collateral requirements and characteristics of eligible collateral.

The carrying amount of deposits consisted of the following as of September 30, 2018:

Cash and cash equivalents – Government Wide	\$ 1,941,659
Cash and cash equivalents – fiduciary	153,724
Certificates of deposit	2,125,204
	\$ 4,220,587

(4) Accounts Receivable:

The Town's receivables consisted of the following at September 30, 2018:

				Special							
	(General	R	Revenue	Water]	Electric	Gas	1	Sewer	Total
Accounts	\$	47,539	\$	10,422	\$ 353,527	\$	488,379	\$ 35,364	\$	63,171	\$ 998,402
Less: allowance for											
uncollectibles		(4,365)		-	 (8,885)		(79,488)	 (11,919)		(5,300)	 (109,957)
Net total receivables	\$	43,174	\$	10,422	\$ 344,642	\$	408,891	\$ 23,445	\$	57,871	\$ 888,445

(5) <u>Interfund Loans and Transfers:</u>

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates reimbursable expenditures occur, when transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and when payments between funds are made. Individual fund interfund receivables and payables for the primary government at September 30, 2018, are comprised of the following:

	Due	from other funds	Due to other funds			
Governmental Activities:						
General:						
Sewer	\$	380,647	\$	-		
Special revenue:						
Water		268,916		-		
Sewer		-		50,000		
Business-Type Activities:						
Sewer:						
General		-		380,647		
Electric		-		475,748		
Special revenue		50,000		-		
Water:						
Special revenue		-		268,916		
Electric:						
Sewer		475,748				
Totals – All Funds	\$	1,175,311	\$	1,175,311		

For the year ended September 30, 2018, individual fund transfers to and from other funds for the primary government were comprised of the following:

	Tra	nsfer from	Transfer to			
Governmental Activities:						
General:						
Water	\$	60,500	\$	-		
Electric		709,500		-		
Special revenue:						
Water		-		28,136		
Business-Type Activities:						
Sewer:						
Water		22,000		-		
Water:						
General		-		60,500		
Sewer		-		22,000		
Special revenue		28,136		-		
Electric:						
General		-		709,500		
Totals – All Funds	\$	820,136	\$	820,136		

Transfers are used to move revenues between funds to reflect the activities of the fund with the primary government. The primary government accounts for activities such as budgetary authorizations, subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs, and reimbursements to the general fund for services provided to other funds.

(6) **Capital Assets:**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 is as follows:

Governmental activities:

	Beginning Balance		Incre	ases	Decrea	ses	Ending Balance		
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	312,788	\$	-	\$	-	\$	312,788	
Total assets not being depreciated		312,788		-				312,788	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Building & Improvements		1,784,085		-		-		1,784,085	
Infrastructure		930,485		-		-		930,485	
Machinery and equipment		1,315,150		59,517		-		1,374,667	
Total assets being depreciated		4,029,720		59,517		-		4,089,237	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings, Improvements		(1,209,710)		(36,193)		-		(1,245,903)	
Infrastructure		(211,342)		(20,812)		-		(232,154)	
Machinery and equipment		(1,164,954)		(55,459)		-		(1,220,413)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(2,586,006)		(112,464)		-		(2,698,470)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		1,443,714		(52,947)		-		1,390,767	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	1,756,502		(52,947)		-	\$	1,703,555	

Business-type activities:

	Beginning Balance		Inci	reases	Dec	reases	Ending Balance		
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	54,090	\$	-	\$	-	\$	54,090	
Construction in progress		1,620,851		987,717		2,142,568		466,000	
Total assets not being depreciated		1,674,941		987,717		2,142,568		520,090	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Building & Improvements		44,420		-		-		44,420	
Infrastructure		8,864,493		2,142,568		-		11,007,061	
Machinery and equipment		991,382		-		-		991,382	
Total assets being depreciated		9,900,295		2,142,568				12,042,863	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Building & Improvements		(31,509)		(720)		-		(32,229)	
Infrastructure		(5,809,811)		(165,477)		-		(5,975,288)	
Machinery and equipment		(721,537)		(13,002)		-		(734,539)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(6,562,857)		(179,199)		-		(6,742,056)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		3,337,438		1,963,369		-		5,300,807	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	5,012,379	\$	2,951,086	\$	2,142,568	\$	5,820,897	

(6) <u>Capital Assets:</u> (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General governmental	\$ 12,622
Public safety	33,914
Transportation	27,212
Culture and recreation	38,716
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 112,464
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 43,516
Sewer	105,341
Electric	24,368
Gas	 5,974
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 179,199

(7) **Commitments:**

As of September 30, 2018, the Town had outstanding commitments on contracts in progress as follows:

Project	Remaining Commitment	
Water Sewer utility upgrades	\$	6,000,000

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit or adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims including amounts already collected, could constitute liabilities of the applicable funds.

The Town has entered into a long-term contract ("All Requirements Contract") with the Florida Municipal Power Agency ("FMPA") to purchase and receive all electric capacity and energy that the Town will require for the operation of its municipal electric system over and above any contractually excluded power sources and over and above back-up and support services. The Town is required to reimburse FMPA each month for the monthly cost of all direct assignment facilities and additional facilities acquired or utilized heretofore by FMPA to provide All Requirement services. The Town must pay FMPA for all electric capacity and energy furnished as All Requirement services at rates established per the All Requirements Contract. In the event that during any portion of any month electric capacity and energy are made available to the Town by FMPA in accordance with the All Requirements Contract which the Town is required to take and receive as All Requirements services, but which the Town fails to take and receive from FMPA, the Town must pay FMPA for such availability an amount equal to the product of the demand related charges and the appropriate billing demand charges as calculated in accordance with the contractually established rate schedule. The All Requirements Contract remains in effect until October 1, 2030. Each October 1st, the All Requirements Contract automatically extends for an additional one year period unless either party, at least one year prior to such automatic extension date, notifies the other party in writing of its decision not to extend the All Requirements Contract.

(8) **Long-Term Liabilities:**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:											
Notes payable Capital lease payable Compensated absences Governmental activities – Total long-term liabilities	\$ 	38,631 6,038 71,443 116,112	\$ \$	35,211 35,211	\$ 	(15,845) (3,435) (21,766) (41,046)	\$ \$	22,786 2,603 84,888 110,277	\$ 	16,379 2,603 40,085 59,067	
Business-type activities:											
Bonds and notes payable Compensated absences	\$	1,110,381 15,301	\$	593,463 9,249	\$	(27,234) (5,479)	\$	1,676,610 19,071	\$	103,583 13,450	
Business-type activities – Total long-term liabilities	\$	1,125,682	\$	602,712	\$	(32,713)	\$	1,695,681	\$	117,033	

Notes payable in the Town's governmental activities at September 30, 2018, were comprised of the following obligations:

Total revenue bonds and notes payable	\$ 22,786
3.35% note payable to bank, payable in two annual payments of \$10,512, principal and interest, beginning May 16, 2018 maturing May 16, 2019, secured by a pledge and collateralized by non-ad valorem tax revenues.	10,168
non-ad valorem tax revenues.	\$ 12,618
maturing November 2, 2019, secured by a pledge and collateralized by	
payments of \$6,627, principal and interest, beginning November 2, 2015	
3.25% note payable to bank, due on demand, payable in five annual	

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Town's governmental activities notes payable are as follows:

September 30,	 Principal	 Interest	_	Total
2019	\$ 16,379	\$ 760	\$	17,139
2020	 6,407	 220		6,627
Total	\$ 22,786	\$ 980	\$	23,766

(8) Long-Term Liabilities: (Continued)

Bonds and notes payable in the Town's business-type activities at September 30, 2018, were comprised of the following obligations:

\$991,000 - Sewer Revenue Bonds payable in annual installments ranging from \$15,000 to \$54,000 through September 1, 2038, plus interest at 4.5%, collateralized by net revenues of the sewer system.	\$	715,000
As of September 30, 2018, the Town had borrowed \$136,700 under a \$141,000 revolving fund loan agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection for preconstruction activities associated with the construction of drinking water facilities. The loan is payable in semi-annual installments of \$4,607 of principal and 2.61% of interest, beginning January 15, 2014, collateralized by gross revenues of		
the water and sewer systems.		113,820
As of September 30, 2018, the Town had borrowed \$727,552 under a \$1,097,818 revolving fund loan agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection for preconstruction activities associated with the construction of drinking water facilities. The loan is payable in semi-annual installments of \$37,273 of principal and 1.54% of interest, beginning December 2018, collateralized by gross revenues of the water and sewer systems. All considered current until loan drawn down.		726,805
As of September 30, 2018, the Town had borrowed \$2,786 under a \$26,387 revolving fund loan agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection for clean water study of drinking water facilities. The loan is payable in semi-annual installments of \$89 of principal and .51% of interest, beginning September 15, 2017, collateralized by gross revenues of the water and sewer systems.		2,785
As of September 30, 2018, the Town had borrowed \$118,200 under a \$118,200 revolving fund loan agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection for the construction of sewer facilities. The loan is payable in semi-annual installments of \$3,553 of principal and .94% of interest, beginning June 15, 2018, collateralized by		110 200
gross revenues of the water and sewer systems.		118,200
Total revenue bonds and notes payable	\$1,	,676,610

(8) **Long-Term Liabilities:** (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Town's business-type activities bonds and notes payable are as follows:

Year Ending	Revenue Bon				
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2019	\$ 103,583	\$ 42,640	\$ 146,223		
2020	101,236	44,592	145,828		
2021	103,467	42,641	146,108		
2022	105,718	40,265	145,983		
2023	107,989	37,824	145,813		
2024-2028	579,774	149,896	729,670		
2029-2033	311,268	87,520	398,788		
2034-2038	263,575	39,190	302,765		
Total	\$ 1,676,610	\$ 484,568	\$ 2,161,178		

(9) **Contingencies:**

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally Federal and State governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by a grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Town expects amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The Town has been named in lawsuits. The Town believes one of the claims has no merit and the current position is to contest the claim. The other suit has been settled subsequent to the date of the financial statements and does not have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

(10) Risk Management:

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters, all of which is satisfactorily insured by limited risk, high deductible commercial general liability insurance. Commercial insurance policies are also obtained for other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The Town is a member of the Florida Municipal Self-Insurance fund (the Fund). The fund was created to allow members to pool their liabilities pursuant to provisions in Florida Workers' Compensation Law. The Town pays an annual premium to the Fund for workers' compensation coverage. The Fund's underwriting and rate setting policies were established after consulting with an independent actuary. The Fund is no assessable and the Town has no liability for future deficits of the Fund, if any.

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds:

The Town maintains a single-employer pension plan, Municipal Firefighter's Pension Trust Fund (MFPTF) which is included as pension trust funds in the Town's financial reporting entity. The Town's single-employer pension plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements.

The Town has not received an actuarial valuation and therefore has not implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 67 Financial Reporting for Pension Plans and Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Statements No. 67 and 68 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of pension expense/expenditures and related liabilities, note disclosures, and required supplementary information. The most recent actuarial valuation was measured as of September 30, 2017.

The Town also participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), which encompasses the FRS Pension and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans, whose assets are not reported in the Town's financial statements. FRS offers eligible employees the ability to participate in an alternative defined contribution plan, the Investment Plan. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website at:

www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce operations/retirement/publications

A. Florida Retirement System

Plan Description and Administration

The Town participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a multiple-employer, cost sharing defined public employee retirement system which covers all of the Town's full-time employees. The System is a noncontributory retirement plan, administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating public employees. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans and other nonintegrated programs. These include a defined-benefit pension plan (Plan), with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), and a defined-contribution plan, referred to as the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan).

In addition, all regular employees of the Town are eligible to enroll as members of the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program. The HIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)

A. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

Benefits Provided and Employees Covered

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Members of both Plans may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest.

Employees may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined-benefit plan. Employer and employee contributions are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. The Investment Plan is funded by employer and employee contributions that are based on salary and membership class (Regular, DROP, etc.). Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Employees in the Investment Plan vest at one year of service.

Financial Statements

Financial statements and other supplementary information of the FRS are included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is available from the Florida Department of Financial Services, Bureau of Financial Reporting Statewide Financial Reporting Section by mail at 200 E. Gaines Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0364; by telephone at (850) 413-5511; or at the Department's Web site (www.myfloridacfo.com). An annual report on the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from:

Florida Department of Management Services Division of Retirement, Research and Education Services P.O. Box 9000 Tallahassee, FL 32315-9000 850-488-5706 or toll free at 877-377-1737

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)

A. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

Contributions

Employers may participate in certain classes of FRS membership. The employee contribution rate for eligible employees are 3.0%. Each class has descriptions and employer contribution rates in effect during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, as follows (contribution rates are in agreement with the actuarially determined rates):

FRS Membership Plan & Class	Through June 30, 2018	After June 30, 2018
Regular Class	7.92%	8.26%
Elected Officers	45.50%	48.70%
Senior Management Service	22.71%	24.06%
Special Risk Regular	23.27%	24.50%
DROP from FRS	9.09%	9.62%

Current-year employer HIS contributions were made at a rate of 1.66% of covered payroll, included in the above rates.

Actual contributions made for entity employees participating in FRS and HIS for the plan year ended June 30, 2018, were as follows:

Entity Contributions – FRS	\$ 171,909
Entity Contributions – HIS	20,658
Employee Contributions – FRS	192,567

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2018, the entity reported a net pension liability related to FRS and HIS as follows:

N	let Pension Liability
\$	1,816,887
	403,191
\$	2,220,078
	\$

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the organization's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governmental entities, as actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, the organization's proportionate share of the FRS and HIS net pension liabilities were as follows:

Plan	2018	2017
FRS	0.006032059%	0.006229155%
HIS	0.003809395%	0.003804891%

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)

A. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

For the plan year ended June 30, 2018, pension expense was recognized related to the FRS and HIS plans as follows:

FRS	\$ 312,486
HIS	28,716
Total	\$ 341,202

Deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions:

At September 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FRS					HIS			
	0	Deferred Outflows of Resources		tflows of Inflows of O		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred nflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	153,918	\$	(5,586)	\$	6,173	\$	(685)	
Changes of assumptions		593,670		-		44,840		(42,629)	
Net different between projected and actual investment earnings		-	((140,377)		243		-	
Change in proportionate share		34,300		(59,969)		1,364		(6,437)	
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		49,130		-		5,514		-	
- -	\$	831,018	\$ ((205,932)	\$	58,134	\$	(49,751)	

The above amounts for deferred outflows of resources for contributions related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions being amortized for a period of greater than one year will be recognized in pension expense in succeeding years as follows:

2019	\$ 232,208
2020	158,376
2021	18,003
2022	99,312
2023	63,277
Thereafter	7,649
Total	\$ 578,825

Actuarial assumptions:

The Actuarial assumptions for both defined benefit plans are reviewed annually by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumptions Conference. The FRS has a valuation performed annually. The HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS was completed in 2014 for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2013. Because HIS is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed.

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)

A. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions: (Continued)

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.60%. Payroll growth, including inflation, for both plans is assumed at 3.25%. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS investments is 7.00%. This rate decreased from the prior year rate, which was 7.10%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Because HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 3.87% was used to determine was used to determine the total pension for the program. This rate increased from the prior year rate, which was 3.58%. Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

Long-term expected rate of return:

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in October 2018, the FRS Actuarial Assumptions conference reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and by a capital market assumptions team from Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting, which consults to the Florida State Board of Administration. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Arithmetic Expected Rate of Return
Cash	1.0%	2.9%
Fixed income	18.0%	4.4%
Global equities	54.0%	7.6%
Real estate	11.0%	6.6%
Private equity	10.0%	10.7%
Strategic investments	6.0%	6.0%
Total	100.0%	

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)

A. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the proportionate shares of the FRS and HIS net pension liability of the Town calculated using the current discount rates, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

Plan	Current Discount Rate	NPL with 1% Decrease				NPL with 1% Increase	
FRS HIS	7.00% 3.87%	\$	3,315,896 403,191	\$	1,816,887 403,191	\$	571,872 356,495

B. Town-Sponsored Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Municipal Firefighter's Pension Trust Fund (MFPTF)

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices). Plan assets are invested with Capital Town Bank Group in cash and cash equivalents and with Charles Schwab in Mutual Funds.

The total invested as of September 30, 2018 was \$1,172,468.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments are subject to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, not registered in the Town's name, and are held by a party that either sells to or buys from the Town. All Town securities were held in the Town's name, therefore, no investments at year end were subject to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk – The Town's policies are designed to maximize investment earnings while protecting the security of the principal and providing adequate liquidity, in accordance with applicable state laws.

Interest Rate Risk – In accordance with investment policy, the Town manages its exposure to declines in fair values by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities meet ongoing pension benefit requirements.

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)

B. Town-Sponsored Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description and Administration

The Municipal Firefighters' Retirement Trust Fund is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides pensions for qualified firefighters pursuant to Florida Statute, Chapter 175. The Town adopted a "chapter plan" that provides benefits based on years of service. The benefits are provided through a State contribution from collections of a Fire Insurance Premium Tax. The Town is required to participate only when the State contributions are insufficient to fund the plan. Firefighters who meet minimum Town established standards are eligible to participate in the plan. Minimum standards are 19 years of age and approved by Town management firefighters. The plan is administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board has administrative authority over the plan, and acts as supervisor and plan administrator. The Board consists of five members, two Council appointed legal residents of the Town of Havana, Florida, two full-time firefighters elected by the plan and a fifth member chosen by a majority of the other four members. The authority to establish and amend benefits as well as funding policy rests with the Town Council.

Plan Membership.

Inactive plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	-
Inactive plan member entitled to but not receiving benefits	11
Active plan members	19
	30

Plan Benefits

The Town of Havana, Florida Municipal Firefighter's Pension Trust Fund provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are based on years of service multiplied by three and a half percent of his or her average final compensation as a full-time firefighter or volunteer firefighter.

Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Plan are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The government's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. All plan investments are reported at fair value. Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the Plan.

Contributions

Members contribute .5% of their salaries to the plan. The benefits are provided through member contributions, a State contribution and, if State contributions are insufficient to pay current costs, then a Town contribution, as provided in Chapter 112, Florida Statutes. The amount recorded for the period ended September 30, 2018 was \$7,638. There were no required Town contributions.

- (11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)
- B. Town-Sponsored Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Benefits (Continued)

Investment Policy

This plan's policy in regards to allocation of invested assets is establish and may be amended by the Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. All investments made or held in the fund shall be limited to:

- 1. Time, savings, and money market deposit accounts of a national bank, a state bank or a savings and loan institution, insured by the Federal Deposit Corporation provided the amount deposited does not exceed the insured amount.
- 2. Obligations issued by the United States Government or obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States Government or by an agency of the United States Government.
- 3. Stocks, commingled funds administered by national or state banks, mutual funds and bonds or other evidences of indebtedness, issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States, any state or organized territory of the United States or the District of Columbia, provided: The securities meet the following ranking criteria:
 - i. Fixed Income Standard & Poor's, AAA, AA, A or Moody's Aaa, Aa, A.
 - ii Equities Value line ranking for safety 1, 2 or 3, except that 20% of the funds assets may be invested in securities not meeting this requirement.
 - iii Money Market Standard & Poor's A1 or Moody's P1.
 - a. Not more than 5% of the Fund's assets shall be invested in the common stock or capital stock of any one issuing company, nor shall the aggregate investment in any one issuing company exceed 5% of the outstanding capital stock of the company.
 - b. The value of bonds issued by any single corporation shall not exceed 10% of the total fund.
- 4. Commingled stock, bond or money° market funds whose investments are restricted to securities meeting the above criteria.
- 5. Foreign securities.

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)

B. Town-Sponsored Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) of the Town

The components of the net pension liability (asset) of the Town as of September 30, 2017 are as follows:

Increase (Decrease)						
Total Pension Liability (a)			Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		t Pension ility (a)-(b)	
\$	57,695	\$	1,021,502	\$	(963,807)	
	2,553		-		2,553	
	4,205		-		4,205	
	-		7,587		(7,587)	
	-		51		(51)	
	-		86,306		(86,306)	
	-		(5,500)		5,500	
	6,758		88,444		(81,686)	
\$	64,453	\$	1,109,946	\$	(1,045,493)	
	Lia	Liability (a) \$ 57,695 2,553 4,205 6,758	Total Pension Liability (a) Net \$ 57,695 \$ 2,553	Total Pension Liability (a) Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) \$ 57,695 \$ 1,021,502 2,553 - 4,205 - - 7,587 - 51 - 86,306 - (5,500) 6,758 88,444	Liability (a) Net Position (b) Liab \$ 57,695 \$ 1,021,502 \$ 2,553 - - 4,205 - - - 7,587 - - 51 - - 86,306 - - (5,500) - 6,758 88,444 -	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in Discount Rate:

	1%	Current Discount		
Town's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Decrease 6.00%	Rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%	
Municipal Firefighter's Pension Trust Fund	\$ (1,045,013)	\$ (1,045,493)	\$ (1,058,130)	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2015 updated to September 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	3.00% per year			
Salary Increase	5.50% - 10.00%			
Discount Rate	7.00%			
T (D (CD)	7.000/	1 1	11	C: 1 .

Investment Rate of Return 7.00% percent compounded annually, gross of investment related expenses

RP-2000 Table - Sex Distinct. Disabled lives are set forward 5 years. We feel this assumption sufficiently accommodates future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 1, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2002-2012.

The actuarial valuation utilized the aggregate actuarial cost method. Plan assets are reported at fair value.

(11) Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Funds: (Continued)

B. Town-Sponsored Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the Discount Rate assumed that Plan Member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the Member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Pension Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the Town recognized no additional pension expense.

At September 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Out	flows of sources	Infl	erred ows of ources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net different between projected and actual investment earnings		7,108		-
Total	\$	7,108	\$	-

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions being amortized for a period of greater than one year will be recognized in pension expense in succeeding years as follows:

2018	\$ 8,146
2019	8,146
2020	(6,239)
2021	(2,945)
2022	· -
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 7,108

(12) Subsequent Events:

The Town has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through March 23, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. Subsequent to the year ended September 30, 2018, a global pandemic has challenged local governments. The financial impact of the pandemic cannot be quantified as of March 23, 2020, however a negative financial impact is likely.

(13) Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future financial statements. Listed below are pronouncements with required implementation dates effective for fiscal years subsequent to September 30, 2018, that have not yet been implemented. Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following will have on the Town's financial statements:

- (a) GASB issued Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, in November 2016. GASB 83 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs), which are legally enforceable liabilities associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. The provisions in GASB 83 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018.
- (b) GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, in January 2017. GASB 84 improves guidance regarding the identification and reporting of fiduciary activities. The provisions in GASB 84 are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018.
- (c) GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, in June 2017. GASB 87 increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The provisions in GASB 87 are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019.
- (d) GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, in April 2018. GASB 88 requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. The provisions in GASB 88 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018.
- (e) GASB issued Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, in August 2018. GASB 90 improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improves the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The provisions in GASB 90 are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

(14) Restatement of Net Position:

Subsequent to issuance of the September 30, 2017 financial statements, management became aware of an understatement of assets and liabilities in several of the utility funds as there was no estimate recorded for unbilled utility receivables and purchases. The impact of this error resulted in an increase of net position for the following funds:

	Е	stimated	Estimated		Effect on			
Fund	Unbilled Receivable		Fund Unbilled		Unbi	Unbilled payable		ning net position
Gas	\$	15,000	\$	6,000	\$	9,000		
Water		31,000		-		31,000		
Sewer		23,000		-		23,000		
Electric		179,000		124,000		55,000		
Total	\$	248,000	\$	130,000	\$	118,000		

(15) Other Postemployment Benefits:

The Town provides other postemployment benefits (OPEB) to its employees by providing retirement healthcare benefits. The Town contributes, along with its employees and retirees, to the Capital Health Plan (Plan) to provide certain healthcare benefits to active and retired employees and their dependents. The Plan is a single-employer plan administered by Capital Health Plan, Inc. and the Town. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the Plan.

Post-employment health care benefits are offered to retired employees and their dependents. All employees are eligible to receive benefits upon their retirement. All health care benefits are provided through the Town's Capital Health Plan employee health care plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services; mental and substance abuse care; dental care; and prescriptions. Upon retirees reaching 65 years of age, Medicare becomes the primary insurer and the Town's plan will not pay benefits already paid by Medicare.

The Town does not contribute any portion of the premiums for current retired employees. All premiums are paid entirely by the plan participant. The use of age-adjusted premiums results in an implicit rate subsidy funded by the Town since the healthcare premiums for retirees and active employees are identical.

The state of Florida's Division of Retirement contributes each month \$5 for each year of service, up to \$150 per month. The Town's Capital Health Plan contract establishes the individual premium to be paid by the retired employees. The state of Florida prohibits the Town from separately rating retired employees and active employees. As a result, the Town's premium charges to retired employees can be no more than the premium cost applicable to active employees.

The Town has not implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Statement No. 75 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities, note disclosures, and required supplementary information.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Taxes, licenses and permits	\$ 461,571	\$ 461,571	\$ 443,819	\$ (17,752)	
Intergovernmental	100,396	100,396	141,978	41,582	
Other	103,051	103,051	95,348	(7,703)	
Total revenues	665,018	665,018	681,145	16,127	
Expenditures					
General government	99,812	121,812	124,580	(2,768)	
Public safety	1,031,767	1,041,767	1,028,863	12,904	
Transportation	374,900	407,900	412,157	(4,257)	
Culture and recreation	105,539	123,539	51,856	71,683	
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	15,845	(15,845)	
Interest			1,294	(1,294)	
Total expenditures	1,612,018	1,695,018	1,634,595	60,423	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	(947,000)	(1,030,000)	(953,450)	76,550	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	840,000	840,000	770,000	(70,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	840,000	840,000	770,000	(70,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(107,000)	(190,000)	(183,450)	6,550	
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,131,385	1,131,385	1,131,385	-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,024,385	\$ 941,385	\$ 947,935	\$ 6,550	

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance	
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues					
Taxes, licenses and permits	\$ 19,000	\$ 19,000	\$ 18,948	\$ (52)	
Intergovernmental	691,000	691,000	35,500	(655,500)	
Other			1,252	1,252	
Total revenues	710,000	710,000	55,700	(654,300)	
Expenditures					
Public safety	1,000	1,000	2,500	(1,500)	
Physical environment	714,500	714,500	62,855	651,645	
Culture and recreation	-	-	19,924	(19,924)	
Total expenditures	715,500	715,500	85,279	630,221	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	(5,500)	(5,500)	(29,579)	(24,079)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers out	-	-	(28,136)	(28,136)	
Net change in fund balance	(5,500)	(5,500)	(57,715)	(52,215)	
Fund balance, beginning of year	455,605	455,605	455,605	-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 450,105	\$ 450,105	\$ 397,890	\$ (52,215)	

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

(1) Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability:

(a) Budgetary Information

An annual budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general fund and special revenue fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to October 1, the Town Council receives a proposed operating budget for the next fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The Town's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the governing council.
- 5. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.
- 6. The budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LABILITY -LAST 10 FISCAL YEAR AS OF SEPTEMBER 30

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Florida Retirement System (FRS)					
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.006032059%	0.006229155%	0.006416641%	0.006108149%	0.006289704%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,816,887	\$ 1,842,542	\$ 1,620,207	\$ 788,949	\$ 383,764
Covered payroll	1,244,485	1,226,229	1,208,727	1,226,229	1,209,296
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-					
employee payroll	146.00%	150.26%	134.04%	64.34%	31.73%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%
Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)					
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.003809395%	0.003804891%	0.003816724%	0.003846425%	0.003945497%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 403,191	\$ 406,836	\$ 444,823	\$ 392,275	\$ 368,914
Covered payroll	1,244,485	1,226,229	1,208,727	1,226,229	1,209,296
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-					
employee payroll	32.40%	33.18%	36.80%	31.99%	30.51%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Town will present information for only those years for which information is available.

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS -LAST 10 FISCAL YEAR AS OF SEPTEMBER 30

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Florida Retirement System (FRS)					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 171,909	\$ 172,482	\$ 144,165	\$ 134,015	\$ 132,350
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(171,909)	(172,482)	(144,165)	(134,015)	(132,350)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$1,244,485	\$1,226,229	\$1,208,727	\$1,252,595	\$1,209,296
Contributions as a percentage of covered-emloyee payroll	13.81%	14.07%	11.93%	10.70%	
Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 20,658	\$ 20,355	\$ 20,065	\$ 15,783	\$ 14,512
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(20,658)	(20,355)	(20,065)	(15,783)	(14,512)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$1,244,485	\$1,226,229	\$ 1,208,727	\$1,252,595	\$1,209,296
Contributions as a percentage of covered-emloyee payroll	1.66%				

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Town will present information for only those years for which information is available.

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

	Sep	tember 30, 2017	Sep	tember 30, 2016	Sep	tember 30, 2015
Total Pension Liability						
Service Cost	\$	2,553	\$	2,375	\$	2,220
Interest		4,205		3,778		3,378
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		-		(102)		-
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		6,758		6,051		5,998
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		57,695		51,644		46,046
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)		64,453		57,695		51,644
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - State		7,587		46,805		12,795
Contributions - Employee		51		54		53
Net Investment Income		86,306		80,808		(8,679)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	;	-		(102)		-
Administrative Expense		(5,500)		(3,607)		(7,467)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		88,444		123,958		(3,298)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		1,021,502		897,544		900,842
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)		1,109,946		1,021,502		897,544
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ ((1,045,493)	\$	(963,807)	\$	(845,900)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a						
Percentage of Total Pension Liability		1722.10%		1770.52%		1737.94%
Covered Payroll	\$	10,200	\$	10,800	\$	7,200
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	-10	0249.93%	-8	924.14%	-1	1748.61%

Additional years will be added to this schedule annually, until 10 years of data is presented.

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

	Sept	ember 30, 2017	September 30, 2016		September 30, 2015	
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$	8,197	\$	7,441	\$	7,303
Determined Contributions		7,587		46,805		12,795
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	610	\$	(39,364)	\$	(5,492)
Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of	\$	10,200	\$	10,800	\$	7,200
Covered Payroll	7	4.38%	4	33.38%	17	77.71%

Additional years will be added to this schedule annually, until 10 years of data is presented.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: 10/1/2015

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Mortality: RP 2000 Table - Sex Distinct. We feel this sufficiently accommodates expected mortality improve-ments for

public safety employees.

Interest Rate: 7.0% per year, compounded annually, gross of investment related expenses. This assumption was adopted

following an experience study dated December 1, 2013.

Retirement Age: 10% per year eligible for Early Retirement.

10% per year eligible for Normal Retirement (with 100% at Age 52 with 25 years of Service). Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement Age on the valuation date is assumed to continue employment for one additional year. This assumption was adopted following an experi-ence study dated December 1, 2013.

Disability Rates: See table below. This assumption was adopted following an experience study dated December 1, 2013.

% Becoming Disabled During

Age	the Year
20	0.03%
30	0.04%
40	0.07%
50	0.18%

Termination Rates: See table below. This assumption was adopted following an experience study dated December 1, 2013.

% Terminating

Service	During the Year
0-2	0.03%
3+	0.04%

Salary Increases: See table below. This assumption was adopted following an experience study dated December 1, 2013.

Years of

Service	Salary Increase
0	10.00%
1	8.00%
4-Feb	7.00%
5+	5.50%

Payroll Growth Assumption: None.

Fundding Method: Aggregate Actuarial Cost Method.

TOWN OF HAVANA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

	Annual Money Weighted
	Rate of Return, Net of
Year Ended	Investment Expenses
September 30, 2017	8.44%
September 30, 2016	8.79%
September 30, 2015	-0.96%

Additional years will be added to this schedule annually, until 10 years of data is presented.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Town Council, Town of Havana, Florida:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Havana, Florida (the Town), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2020.

Because the Town's management has not acquired an actuarial valuation to determine the amount of its firefighter pension fund or OPEB (Other Postemployment Benefits) liability and has not presented such liability has of September 30, 2018 in its financial statements as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, we issued a qualified opinion on the Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities, and Water, Electric, Gas and Sewer funds. The impact of such departure from generally accepted accounting principles would affect the deferred inflows, liabilities, deferred outflows, net position, and expenses in the governmental activities, business-type activities, and the Water, Electric, Gas and Sewer funds

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described below to be material weaknesses:

Finding 2018-001: Prepare Financial Statements in Accordance with GAAP and Significant Adjustments

Criteria: Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

Condition: Material adjustments were required to be made to the accounting records subsequent to the start of the audit process to be in accordance with GAAP.

Cause: Management relied on auditors to propose entries that had not been recorded at the time of the audit.

Effect: Incorrect recording of accounting records could lead to a material misstatement on the financial statements.

Recommendation: We recommend that management implement policies and procedures that would prevent material adjustments being proposed to the financial statements by auditors.

Finding 2018-002: Segregation of Duties

Criteria: Internal controls are designed to safeguard assets and help prevent or detect losses from employee dishonesty or error. A fundamental concept in a good system of internal control is the segregation of duties. The basic premise is that no one employee should have access to both physical assets and the related accounting records or to all phases of a transaction.

Condition: The size of the Town's accounting staff precludes certain internal controls that would be preferred. We believe that certain practices could be implemented to improve existing internal control without impairing efficiency.

Cause: The size of the Town's accounting and administrative staff precludes certain internal controls that would be preferred – including the posting of journal entries to the accounting system without any evidence of review or approval by an individual not responsible for the creation and posting of the entry.

Effect: Increase in the potential for material misstatements in the financial statements or fraud.

Recommendation: We recommend management design and implement internal controls related to the journal entry process.

Finding 2018-003: Bank Reconciliations

Criteria: Reconciling all cash accounts on a timely basis is an essential internal control for preventing and detecting fraud.

Condition: We believe that certain practices should be implemented to ensure all cash accounts are reconciled to the accounting system on a timely basis.

Cause: Certain cash accounts were not reconciled to the accounting system at the start of the audit. In addition, certain cash accounts that were reconciled, were not reconciled timely.

Effect: Failure to reconcile cash accounts to the accounting system on a timely basis could prevent management from preventing or detecting fraud.

Recommendation: We recommend management implement a process that will ensure all cash accounts are reconciled to the accounting system on a timely basis.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed the following instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*:

2018-004: Debt compliance

Criteria: The Town has various notes and bonds payables outstanding at year end with varying debt covenants. During our audit we became aware of the following covenants that were not met in accordance with the underlying debt agreements:

Condition:

State revolving fund loans:

The Town currently has various outstanding State revolving fund loans, all which require the water and sewer utility system to provide a rate coverage ratio of 1.15 of net earnings in excess of the next years debt service payments. The Town did not meet the required coverage ratio of 1.15 during the year ended September 30, 2018. In addition, the State revolving fund loans require that a debt service sinking fund be established and monthly amounts equal to 1/6 of the next semiannual payment be transferred. As of September 30, 2018, there has not been a debt service account established for any of the respective State revolving fund loans.

USDA 1999 Sewer Bonds

The Town currently has outstanding revenue bonds through USDA related to the Town sewer system, the bonds require the Town charge and collect an amount that will produce revenue which will be sufficient to pay operating expenses of the system and be sufficient to provide future payments of principal and interest related to the bonds. The Town's sewer system did not produce enough revenue in the current year to sufficiently pay operating expenses and provide future payment of principle and interest debt service. Transfers from other funds as well as prior year reserves were utilized in order to cover current year required payments. In addition, the bonds require the Town establish a renewal and replacement fund and make regular scheduled transfers to the fund in accordance with the bond agreements. As of September 30, 2018, there has not been a renewal and replacement fund established.

Cause: Unfavorable financial performance related to certain utility funds.

Effect: Noncompliance with certain debt covenants.

Recommendation: We recommend management take action to become in compliance with all debt covenants.

Town of Havana, Florida's Response to Findings

Town of Havana, Florida's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying corrective action plan. Town of Havana, Florida's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We also noted certain matters that we reported to management of Town of Havana, Florida, in a separate management Letter Required by Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General dated March 23, 2020.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Maore : 6., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida March 23, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Honorable Mayor, Town Council, and Town Manager, Town of Havana, Florida:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of Town of Havana, Florida (the Town), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2020.

Because the Town's management has not acquired an actuarial valuation to determine the amount of its firefighter pension fund or OPEB (Other Postemployment Benefits) liability and has not presented such liability has of September 30, 2018 in its financial statements as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, we issued a qualified opinion on the Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities, and Water, Electric, Gas and Sewer funds. The impact of such departure from generally accepted accounting principles would affect the deferred inflows, liabilities, deferred outflows, net position, and expenses in the governmental activities, business-type activities, and the Water, Electric, Gas and Sewer funds.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 23, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding audit.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority for the primary government and component units of the reporting entity is disclosed in Note 1 of the basic financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Town has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Town, did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Town. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Town's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. As noted below, the result of our procedures indicated a deteriorating financial condition.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we recommended the following:

2018-005: Financial condition

The results of our financial condition procedures indicated a deteriorating financial condition in the sewer fund. As of September 30, 2018, the sewer fund had a balance in unrestricted net position of (\$746,638). Unrestricted net position is considered a key financial indicator in the determination of overall financial condition. We recommend management take action to improve the financial condition of the sewer fund.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we noted the following:

2018-006: Audit deadline

Under Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, the required completion date for the September 30, 2018 audit was June 30, 2019. The Town did not meet the required deadline. We recommend management implement policies and procedures to ensure the audit deadline is met in future years.

Town of Havana, Florida's Response to Findings

The Town's responses to the findings identified in our audit are outlined as listed in the table of contents. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, Town Council, management, others within the Town, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Maore : 60., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida March 23, 2020



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, Town Council, and Town Manager, Town of Havana, Florida:

We have examined the Town of Havana, Florida's (the Town) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, for the year ended September 30, 2018. Management is responsible for the Town's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Town complied with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, for the year ended September 30, 2018, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of risks of material noncompliance with those requirements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the Town of Havana, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018.

James Maore & Co., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida March 23, 2020



P.O. Box 1068 Havana, Florida 32333-1068 Phone: 850/539-2820

March 23, 2020

James Moore & Co., P. L. 2477 Tim Gamble Place, Suite 200 Tallahassee, Florida 32308

RE: Town of Havana response to findings 2018-001 through 2018-006:

Dear Sir:

The Havana Town Council authorized the Town Manager to release a solicitation to acquire a professional service contract with an outsourced Certified Public Accountant at the January Town Council Meeting. Upon acquisition, this measure will ensure assistance to the Town with external oversight of governmental activities. Timely reconciliation of all financial records, and accurate reporting with a dedicated financial professional will enable the Town to work with an independent auditor to perform a prompt annual performance audit.

Respectfully,

L. Bradford Johnson Town Manager